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GEOTECHNICAL LOG OF NON-CORE DRILLHOLE

Borehole No: BH112
Sheet No: 1 OF 2

Project No: 3003659

Client: QDTMR

Project: Smith Olsen Detailed Design Geotech Investigation **Co-ordinates System:** UTM Zone 56 **Feature: Easting:** 536330.5m E

Easting: 536330.5m E
Northing: 6906743.5m S

Surface RL (m): 16.69 Angle from Horz: 90 Direction: n/a

oca			LLIN			Т			TFS	TING			Northing: 6906743.5m S SUBSTANCE			
T	i			<u></u>		+						_			>	
Method	Support		Medium wold	Water		Sample	Depth (m)	Depth/RL	Type	Sample or Field Test	Graphic Log	USC Symbol	Description Soil Type: density/consistency, grain size/plasticity, colour, particle shape/secondary components, minor constituents, moisture, origin, additional observations.	Moisture	Consistency/ Density	Other Observations
_			4 5			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
							1—	16.61 0.50 16.19				GM	ASPHALT: Silty GRAVEL: Dense, medium to coarse, grey, dry, road base, fill. Silty CLAY: Firm to stiff, medium to high plasticity, predominantly grey mixed orange-brown, some orange-red, some fine to medium gravel (highly weathered to extremely weathered Siltstone), moist, fill.	D	D	
2					S	PT	2-		s	3,3,5 N=8		CH		М	F St	
					S	PT	3-	2.50 14.19	S	4,9,12 N=21		CI	Silty CLAY: Very stiff, medium to low plasticity, grey, occasional laminations, moist, residual.		VSt	
-					S	PT	4	4.00 12.69	s	8,17,30/ 150mm			METASILTSTONE: Extremely low strength, extremely weathered, pale grey some grey to dark grey laminations, some iron staining in laminations.			
					S	PT	6-	5.50 11.19	S	8,16,15 N=31		-	Extremely low strength very low to low strenth in parts, extremely weathered, some high strength Quartz inclusions (remoulds to low to medium plasticity Silty CLAY some gravel).			
			 			PT	- - 7—	7.00 T:69	9				Extremely low strength low to medium strength in parts, extremely			
					D	i= 1	8-		S				weathered, brown and orange-brown pale grey and dark grey. Refer to Geotechnical Log of Cored Drillhole	J		
							9									
	_		ımer			uj:										
ntr	racto	or:		Geol Hydr									Commenced: 21/07/11			Logged By: ME/BD



GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS LOG

BH112 Borehole No: Sheet No: 2 OF 3

Project No: 3003659

Client: **QDTMR**

Project: Smith Olsen Detailed Design Geotech Investigation Co-ordinates System: UTM Zone 56 Feature:

E: 536330.5

Surface RL (m): 16.69 Angle from Horz: 90

Loc	coation: Refer Location Plan												N: 6906				3.5					Direction: n/a				
	DRII								SUBSTANCE										EST	Г					DEFECTS	
					_ ا				Description	W	/eat	her	ing			mate					Fra	actur	re		Description	
Method	Water	TCR %	RQD %	Lift	dano	Deptn (m)	Depth/RL	Graphic Log	ROCK TYPE, mineralogy, grain size, colour, fabric, etc.	>	> <	: >				engt		Туре	Docult.	asmir .	40	1 30	20	Depth	Type, Orientation, Coating, Planari Thickr	Spacing, Infilling y, Roughness, less.
									9	ш	ſΣ	တ် 10	2 6	ш <u>э</u>	<u> </u>	∑I	<u>> ii</u>						1000			
Note Con Basis	2	3			3	33	7	8	Refer to Geotechnical log of Non-cored Drillhole							11		12				14		15	16	
					7	7-	7.10		Start Coring at 7.10m																	
- - -		100	80	7.8		-	9.59 7.30 9.39 7.90 8.79		METASILTSTONE: Orange-grey some dark grey, some iron staining in defects, fragmented, extremely low strength to very low strength, extremely weathered. Slightly fractured, thinly laminated in regular 60° planes, medium strength, moderately weathered. Fractured, clay infill in defects some iron staining, moderately to highly weathered.															7.30 7.32 7.80 7.81 7.90 7.91-8.09 8.10	J, 70, Vn, Cl. Ir, Ro J, 70, Vn, Cl. Ir, Ro J, 60, Ct. Cy, Pl, Sm J, 65, Cl. Pl, Sm Be, 60, St, Fe, Cu, Ro FZ, St, Fe, Ir, Ro Be, 80, St, Fe, Ir, Ro	
NMLC		100	62			-	8.30 8.39 8.90		Interbedded pale grey and dark grey, medium strength to high strength, moderately weathered.															8.25 8.55	SZ, 60, In, Cy, PI, 50mm Be, 60, Ct, Cy, PI, Ro	
-		100	86	10.0			7.79		Slightly lighter in colour, slightly weathered.															9.41 9.52	J. 40, Ct, Fe, Pl, Ro Be, 65, Ct, Fe, Pl, Ro	
Note	es (In	stru	ıme			etc)	:		Hole discontinued at 10.00m				·						•							
Con	tracto				oDri		r Sco	ut	Com Com						/07/ /07/										Logged By: Checked By:	ME/BD AR
l⊏qu	ipme			тту					ations are given on explanatory notes	μıε	.iec			۷ ا	,01/	1.1									Glieckeu by:	AI.



Location: Refer Location Plan

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS LOG

Borehole No: BH112
Sheet No: 3 OF 3

Project No: 3003659

Client: QDTMR

Project: Smith Olsen Detailed Design Geotech Investigation **Co-ordinates System:** UTM Zone 56 **Feature:** E: 536330.5

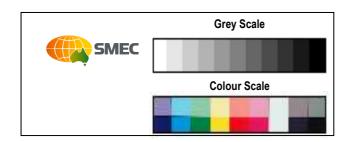
E: 536330.5 **N**: 6906743.5

Angle from Horz: 90
Direction: n/a

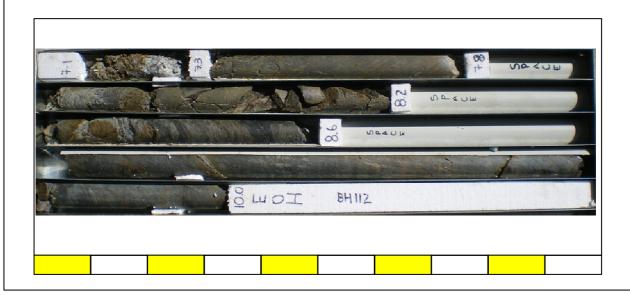
16.69

Surface RL (m):

				SIGI	LUC	lion	Plan	CURCTANCE						IN	: 69	000	743. TE						Direction		n/a	
T	DRI		NG					SUBSTANCE	\neg								15	31				1		DEFECTS		
					Ê	닕		Description	ľ	Vea	the	ring			mate ength	th			Fracture Spacing (mm)			n)				
	Water	TCR %	RQD %	Lift	Depth (m)	Depth/RL	Graphic Log	ROCK TYPE, mineralogy, grain size, colour, fabric, etc.	ΨM	N S	SW	S G	∃∃:	۔ 7	ΣI	ΗH	Type	Result	20	40 3 100	300 0 10	00	Depth	Type, Orie Coating	ntation, S , Planarity Thickne	pacing, Infi , Roughnes ess.
Ŧ	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—		10				11		12	13		14		7	15	Be, 60, Vn, Cy,	16 1, Sm	
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	tract				Drill				Comm	enc	ed:		21	/07/	11									Logged	By:	ME/BD
	ipme				ropow	er Sco	out		Compl					/07/										Checke		AR
asi	s of c	desc	riptio	on ar	nd deta	ails of	abbrevi	ations are given on explanatory notes																		



Borehole	Number	BH112								
Box	1	of	1							
Depth	7.1m	to	10.0m							
Project	Smith St & OI	sen Av	1							
Number	3003659									
Client	QDTMR									





NOTES RELATING TO GEOTECHNICAL REPORTS AND SITE INVESTIGATION LOGS

GEOTECHNICAL REPORTS AND SITE INVESTIGATION LOGS

Geotechnical reports/logs are prepared by qualified personnel on the information supplied or obtained and are based on current engineering standards of interpretation and analysis.

Information may be gained from limited subsurface testing, surface observations, previous work, and is supplemented by knowledge of the local geology and experience of the range of properties that may exhibited by the materials present. For this reason, geotechnical reports should be regarded as interpretative rather than factual documents, limited to some extent by the scope of information on which they rely.

Where the report/log has been prepared for a specific purpose (e.g. design of a three-storey building), the information and interpretation may not be appropriate if the design is changed (e.g. a twenty-storey building). In such cases, the report/log and the sufficiency of the existing work should be reviewed by SMEC in the light of the new proposal.

Every care is taken with the report/log content; however, it is not always possible to anticipate or assume responsibility for the following conditions:

- Unexpected variations in ground conditions. The potential for this depends on the amount of investigative work undertaken.
- Changes in policy or interpretation by statutory authorities
- The actions of contractors responding to commercial pressures

If these occur, SMEC would be pleased to resolve the matter through further investigation, analysis or advice.

UNFORESEEN CONDITIONS

Should conditions encountered on site differ markedly from those anticipated from the information contained in the report/log, SMEC should be notified immediately. Early identification of site anomalies generally results in any problems being more readily resolved and allows re-interpretation and assessment of the implications for future work.

SUBSURFACE INFORMATION

Logs of a borehole, recovered core, test pit, excavated face, or cone penetration test are an engineering and/or geological interpretation of the subsurface conditions. The reliability of the logged information depends on the drilling/testing method, sampling/observation spacing's and the ground conditions. It is not always possible or economic to obtain continuous high-quality data. It should also be recognised that the volume of material observed or tested is only a fraction of the total subsurface profile.

Interpretation of subsurface information and application to design and construction must take into consideration the spacing of the test locations, the frequency of observations and testing, and the possibility that geological boundaries may vary between observation points.

Groundwater observations and measurements outside of specially designed and constructed piezometers should be treated with care for the following reasons:

- In low permeability soils groundwater may not seep into an excavation or bore in the short time it is left open.
- A localised perched water table may not represent the true water table.
- Groundwater levels vary according to rainfall events or season.
- Some drilling and testing procedures mask or prevent groundwater inflow.

The installation of piezometers and long-term monitoring of groundwater levels may be required to adequately identify groundwater conditions.